



Mobile Elevating Work Platform SAFE USE

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ANS/SAIA A92.22 Safe-use standard
chair



WHAT DO WE ACCEPT TODAY THAT WE WON'T ACCEPT TOMORROW?



Rockefeller Center, 1932



CREWS PUTTING UP DECORATIONS AT THE INTERSECTION OF
W. BROADWAY AVENUE & N. LYNDALE AVENUE
(NOVEMBER 10, 1948)

How Do YOU MEASURE Workplace Safety?



**Safety is not the absence of accidents,
Safety is the presence of defenses that PREVENT accidents**

PLAN & UNDERSTANDING YOUR RISK...

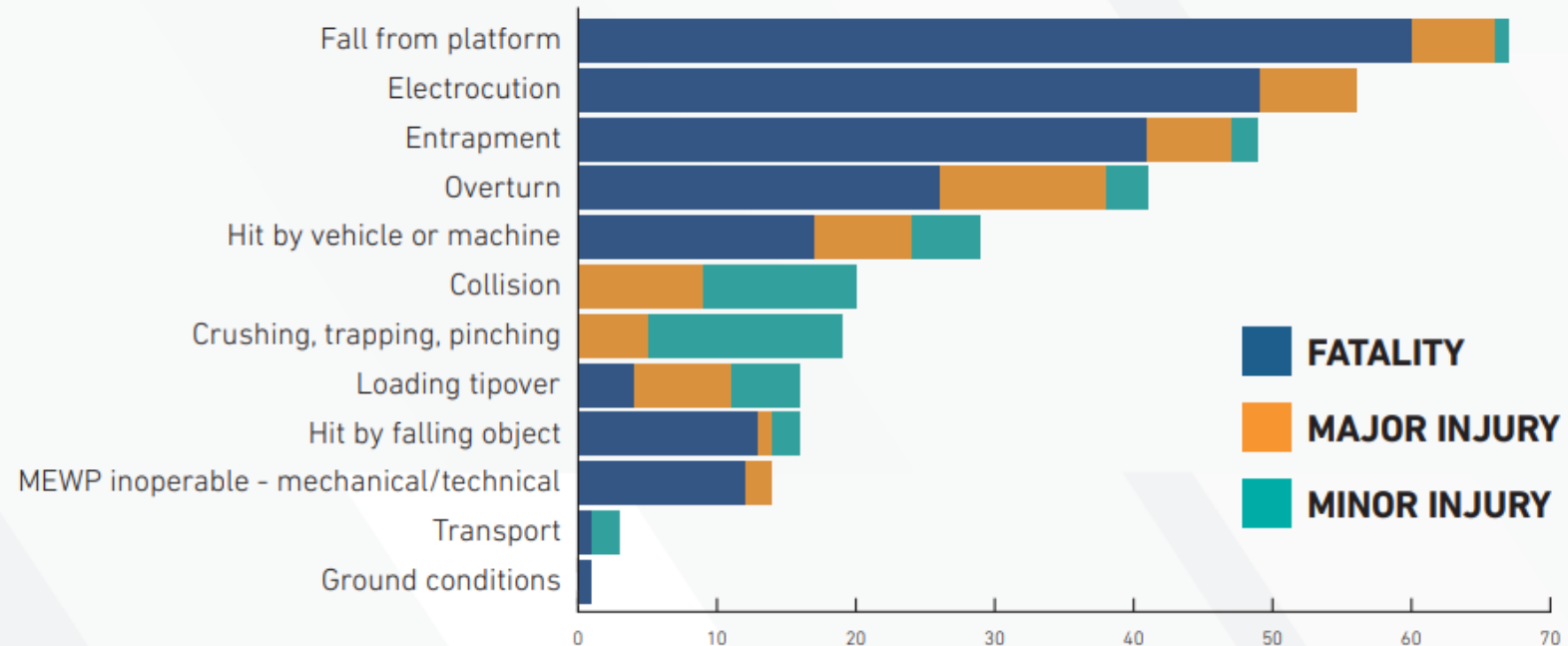
**These activities did not result in an accident:
ARE THEY THEREFORE SAFE?**



CATEGORY

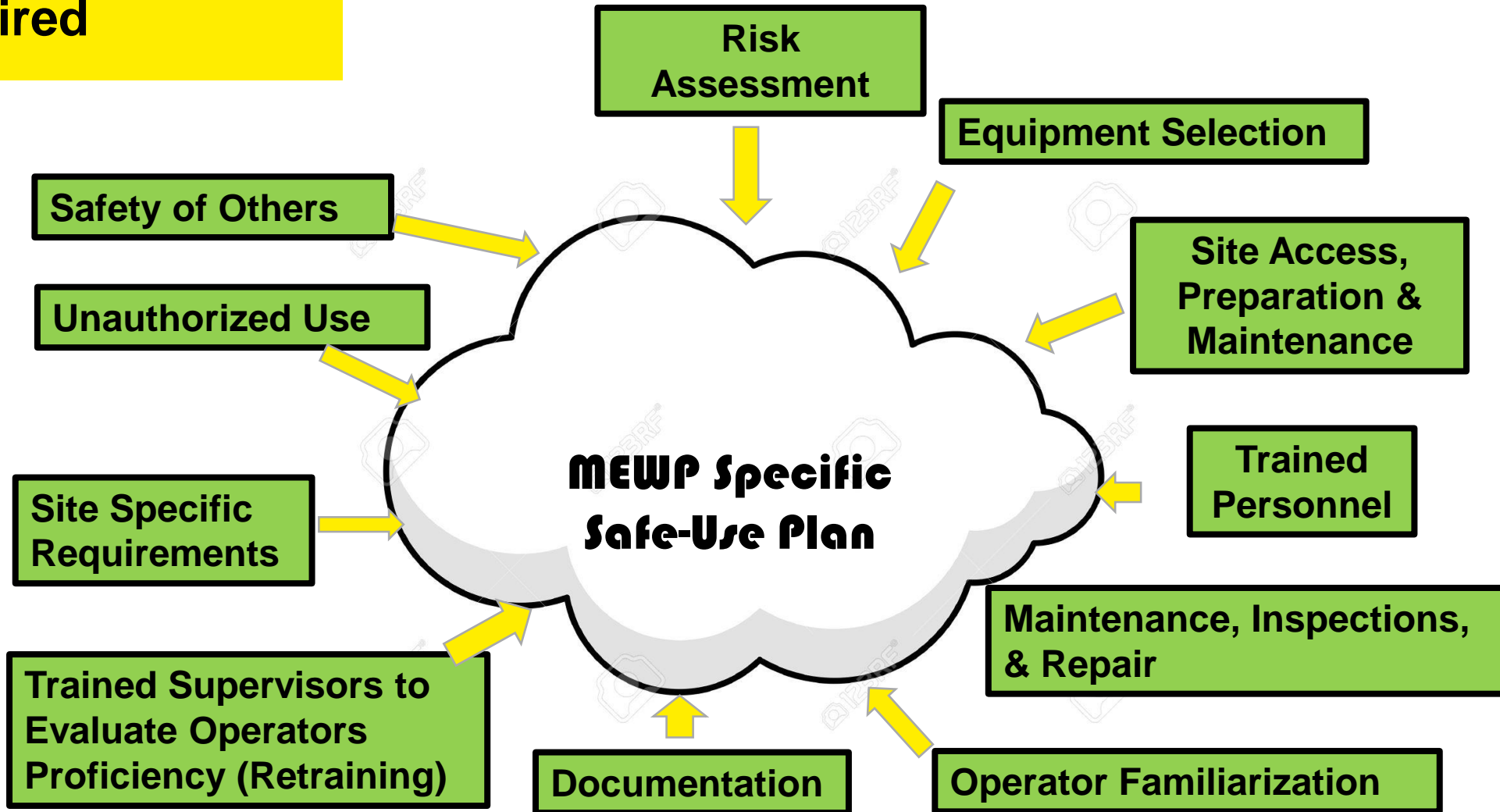
LOST-TIME INCIDENTS BY CATEGORY 2016-2018

The chart on this page shows the top 12 lost-time incidents by category including all fatalities for the period 2016-2018. Lost-time incidents are incidents where one or more person was injured and as a result the person was unable to work for one or more days.



Processes in a Safe-Use Plan

**A SAFE-USE PLAN
or System of Work
is required**



What are the responsibilities of CM (vs subcontractor) regarding the NEW ANSI A92 Suite of Standards?

→ USER

→ OWNER

→ DEALER

→ CONTRACTUAL RESPONSIBILITIES



© Can Stock Photo



Required Documentation

B SRV/SAIA A32.24-201X

Appendix B
(informative)
Practical Knowledge Evaluation Test for Type 1 MEWPs — Example

TYPE 1 MEWPA		Date: _____		
OBSERVATIONS				
Name of instructor: _____				
Name of trainee: _____				
This trainee is capable of: _____				
Mark if acceptable				
		Functional	Work platform movement	
SUITABILITY	Assess the suitability for the task	X	X	
	Verify that the safety-related terms specified by the manufacturer appear correctly	X	X	
VERIFICATION	Direct the operator and evaluate ability to interpret and observe the constraints and communication gestures	X	X	
	Position the work platform along a flat vertical surface	X	X	
POSITIONING	Position the work platform above a flat surface	X	X	
	Position the work platform above a flat vertical surface	X	X	
	Position the work platform above a flat surface	X	X	
	Position the work platform across the surface	X	X	
	Position the work platform below a flat surface	X	X	
	Position the work platform across the surface	X	X	
	Position the work platform in a restricted space	X	X	
	Put the MEWPA into the transport position	X	X	
	Smoothness of the movements	X	X	
	Accuracy of the movements	X	X	
	EMERGENCY	Position manual emergency stop	X	X
		Position manual emergency stop (from the ground position)	X	X

NOTE: "Set back seat" refers to the vertical movement of the work platform due to movements of the lifting cylinder. It includes assessment of the position of the platform and lifting straddle when raising and lowering the platform and when staying the lifting straddle.

NOTE: "Work platform movement" refers to any movement of the work platform including movements resulting from operation of the lifting straddle. This includes horizontal platform movements when the MEWPA is raised, vertical and horizontal platform movements caused by lowering non-casters ground, raising and lowering resulting from lifting straddle being.

1. Transfer of **ownership**
2. Frequent and annual **inspections**
3. **Pre-delivery preparation, service and repairs**
4. **Training and familiarization**
5. The **operator evaluation** will be accomplished through visual observation, at a minimum, which shall be documented for retention by the user
6. **Training test** - results of the theory (classroom/online) and practical (hands-on) evaluations shall be documented. (See Appendix A-D for examples.)
7. **Person trained**, MEWPA classification, entity and person delivering training, familiarization

I've seen a couple lifts get stuck while up in the air mainly because the outrigger isn't stabilized. I know there's a manual button on the base of the lift to lower it but if that was to fail what would be the proper procedure for a worker emergency removal?

→ Machine FAMILIARIZATION

→ Site RISK ASSESSMENT

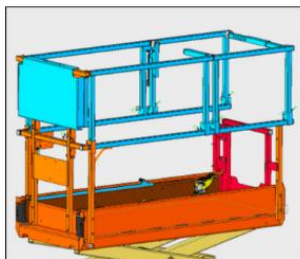
→ RESCUE PLANNING



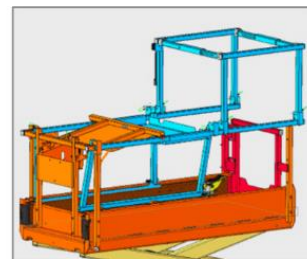
What's WRONG with these lifts?



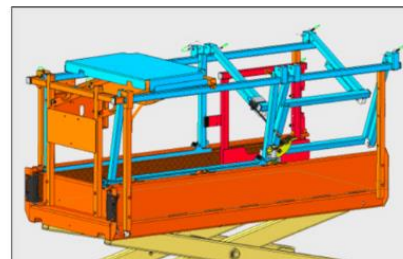
Is it ever acceptable to use a board on the guardrail to stand on? Are there ways to climb the guardrails in a safe and legal way? and are there any new options to gain such access?



Fully Raised Rails



Engaged QuikAccess Functionality



Fully Lowered for Transport Through Doorways

What do manufacturers say about parking boom lifts when not in use? Does the manufacturer allow lifts to be parked with the basket in the raised position like we see in rental yards?

The preferred procedure “Ensure boom is fully retracted and lowered over rear axle”

If parking a MEWP with the boom elevated in an effort to conserve space, booms may be elevated but shall not be extended. It is the operator’s responsibility to ensure all safety precautions.



Are there legal ways to exit the basket onto an upper level?



My questions would stem around the selection of the lift and at what point do you need an “engineered lift plan”. Most new work gave us maximum loading limitations and/or slab capabilities but in renovation how do we handle it?

Stages of Risk Assessment

- Identify the Task to be Undertaken
- Select an Appropriate MEWP
- Assess the Risks Associated with the Task
- Identify Control Measures
- Identify Safe Work Procedures

SAFE USE PLAN...

c) access, preparation and maintenance of the site, as required, to include **an assessment that the support surface is adequate to support the weight of the MEWP;**



I haven't received or signed for a lift in over least 20 years but I watched them get dropped off monthly for 25 years! Is it mandatory for lift providers to train receiving employees on how to use the lift? I know when you usually sign the receipt it says "you've been trained on how to use this lift" but that usually only includes the person standing there then others use the lift.

Familiarization: Providing the necessary information regarding the features, functions, devices, limitations and operating characteristics as defined by the manufacturer in the operator's manual, in order to properly utilize a specific model MEWP, to include the location of the manufacturer's operation manuals.

All users of MEWPs shall either train and familiarize or ensure that personnel whom they authorize as operators, supervisors and occupants have been trained and familiarized

When requested by the user, the dealer or owner shall offer operator training or advise the user where training can be obtained. **When requested** by the user, dealers and owners shall offer familiarization to the person designated to receive the MEWP

My thoughts take me more on the pre-construction side of things, planning! I have seen at times lifts delivered then removed and replaced due to inability to perform function needed.

When requesting a lift what questions if any does the lift provider ask? (Sales guy, with the truck driver it's too late)

The world authority in powered access

MEWP SELECTION CHECKLIST

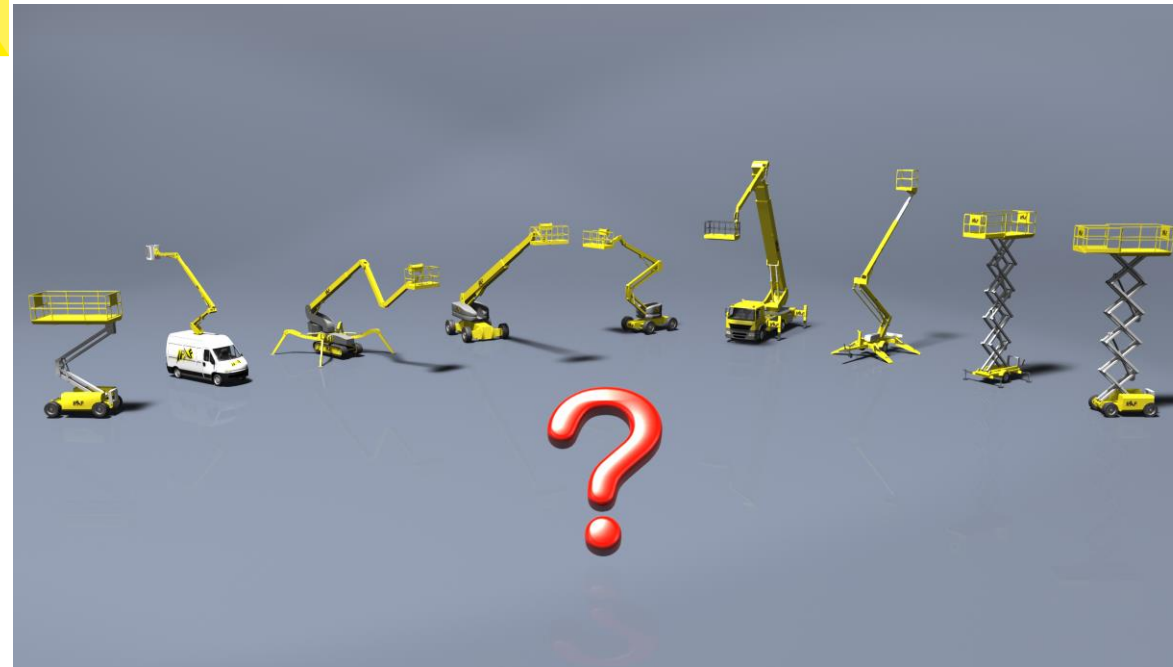
This should be completed by a qualified person and where any doubts remain advice should be sought from the mobile elevating work platform (MEWP) supplier.

Using the checklist overleaf, enter any restrictions, working height, outreach, weight of materials etc. determined to assist in selection the correct MEWP.

Task height	
Reach required	
Up and over height	
Actual task to be performed	
Can ground support loads imposed by MEWP	
Can MEWP be set close enough to reach work area	
Number of people required	
Load weight	
Notes	

Name of person completing	
Signature	Date

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This is not an exhaustive list and is for general guidance only. Things to Consider: Height and Outreach / The Task / Environment / Terrain / Access / Training and Supervision.

Criteria Observed	
HEIGHT AND OUTREACH	
Work is straight up	Vertical platform (Group A) or Telescopic boom or mast boom (Group B)
Work requires reach	Mobile Boom 3B or Static Boom 1B or 3a with extension deck
Work is up and over an obstacle	Articulating boom (Group B) or 3a with extension deck
THE TASK	
Height of task	The Operator must be able to work comfortably from the platform
Distance of reach required	You must take account of the width of the MEWP in addition to this, how close the MEWP can be set up to the face of the work, and the Operator must be able to work comfortably from the platform
Size and weight of materials	Accurately define the weight of workers, tools and materials and never exceed the SWL. There are accessories for some MEWPs that can secure pipes/boards etc. See supplier to determine options.
THE ENVIRONMENT	
Work is indoors	Battery, LPG or Hybrid, no-power/push around
Work is outdoors	Internal Combustion Engine, Hybrid or advanced Battery Powered
Work will involve both	Hybrid, LPG or advanced battery power
Public roads	MEWP designed for use in the application
Work in confined space	Secondary guarding, or proactive platform system
THE SURFACE	
Floor is strong and level	Any MEWP
Floor is strong and sloping	May require stabilizers, outriggers or oscillating chassis, self-leveling chassis
Floor is firm and uneven	May require oscillating axles or tracks
Floor is soft/loose and uneven	May require 4-wheel drive or tracks or pads to spread the load
Ground is sandy and loose	This may not be suitable for a MEWP without use of large pads to prevent sinking
Ground is potentially weak	May require a lightweight MEWP with large pads to spread the load.
ACCESS	
The area is open with easy access	Move on to Training and Supervision
There is a height restriction	Measure maximum height and ensure MEWP can pass below, consider MEWP secondary guarding
There is a width restriction	Measure width and ensure MEWP can fit through and/ or set-up
There is a weight restriction	Determine maximum ground bearing pressure and ensure the MEWP is below this
There are access roads for delivery vehicle	Explain this to the MEWP supplier
Access roads are narrow or challenging	Ensure that supplier is aware of this limitation in advance
We have a safe area for unloading	Inform supplier of location and any site notes
We intend to lift load on the highway	Ensure that adequate precautions are taken to ensure safety
We do not have a designated area for unloading	You must determine a specific unloading area
THE LOAD	
Maximum Weight of MEWP	Determine maximum ground pressure
Minimum platform size	This will depend on how many people and what materials are required simultaneously
Number of people required in MEWP	How many people are required to carry out the Task?
Weight of Tools and Equipment	What tools are required and how much do they weigh?
Is secondary Guarding required	Where a risk of entrapment or crushing exists, this would be a good safety measure
Larger materials to be transported	Secure accessories approved by manufacturer to carry materials – ie pipe rack, glazer package, etc.
THE PEOPLE	
People required for the operation	How many people are needed? Are supervisors trained? Are operators trained on MEWP classification familiarized? Has occupant knowledge been provided?

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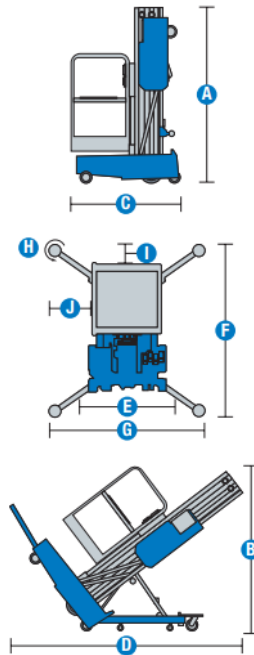
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Do they rent single person lifts and how does that training differ?

Mini scissors and manually propelled aerials are rental items where available. They are increasingly being added to manufacturers product selection.

There are a 1a MEWP classification and require both theory and practical training. Key variance is they are typically outrigger machines and setting up in the correct location is critical to avoid overreaching when elevated.



PA-1030

PUSH-AROUND SCISSOR LIFT



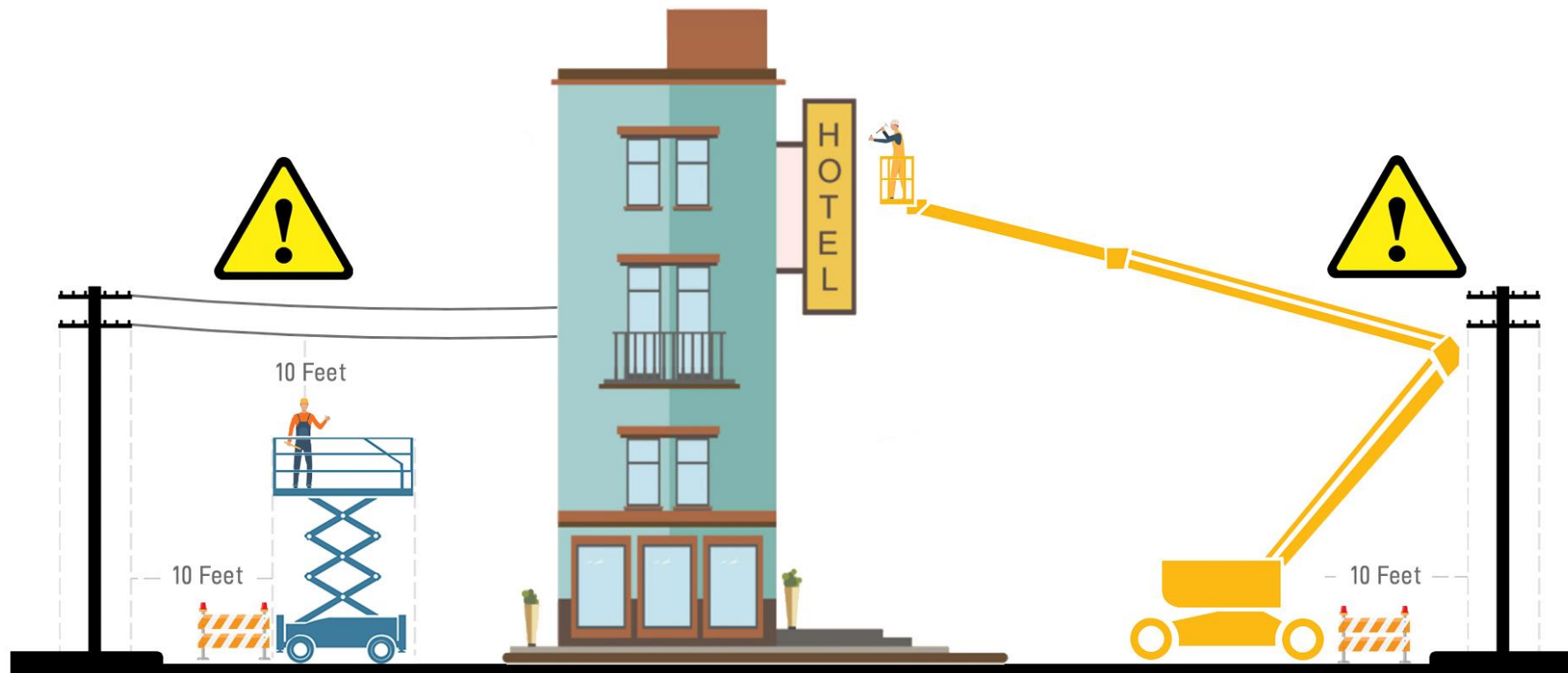
NON-POWERED ECOLIFT™ SERIES



PUSH AROUND LIFTS



Please address safe working distance from energized power lines (insulated, un-insulated and shielded)...



When do rental companies plan to eliminate mid-chains from their inventories?

When a new MEWP design standard goes into effect, only machines manufactured on and after the effective date are required to be manufactured to the requirements of the new standard. All existing MEWPs in operation must remain in compliance with the manufacturing standard in effect the date they were manufactured.

As such, machines with chain guardrails allowed by the standard in effect at the time of manufacture, may remain in operation indefinitely



MEWP SAFE USE PROGRAM GUIDE



Promoting the safe and effective use of powered access

MEWP SAFE USE PROGRAM GUIDE

TC 1099-1121-1-00-03



RISK ASSESSMENT

A risk assessment is an essential component of worker site safety. MEWP Users (employers of MEWP operators) must ensure the completion of a site-specific risk assessment provides to "find and fix" potential workplace hazards before they can cause injury or illness. The A92.22/B354.7 safe use standard details the stages of a Risk Assessment to be completed by a qualified person for all workplaces where a MEWP will be operated.

Assess the Risks Associated with the Task: Consider the risks associated with the site location, the work to be carried out, the weather, the nature of the operation of the MEWP, etc. Assess the likelihood and severity of the risk.

Identify Control Measures & Safe Work Procedures: Once your potential risks have been identified, determine countermeasures to mitigate that risk. Consider, training, warning, procedures, etc. that impact and reduce the exposure or severity of the risk to an acceptable level.

Create a Rescue Plan: Rescue planning is a necessary component of a risk assessment when working at height. There are situations that require prior planning to ensure a safe and timely rescue. System failures, falls from height where occupants are left suspended outside the platform, and operator incapacity are examples that may require different plans.

Communicate the Results & Ongoing reviews: Determine how the results of this risk assessment will be effectively communicated with those involved (eg discussion/review before work shift) and set periodic review schedule to review. If modifications to the risk assessment are required, these changes shall be communicated prior to resuming the work.

ACTION STEPS

Assign a qualified person (MEWP supervisor) to complete a workplace risk assessment prior to the start of work, communicate the plan to all involved, and ensure continued monitoring of the workplace when works begins.

Identify the task to be undertaken: Provide a description of the work to be performed including as much detail as possible. Consider all activities where a MEWP will be operated (loading, unloading, inspections, demonstrations – any form of use). When is the work to be performed – day, week, month, year – what season, indoor or outdoors, what is the time allowed and deadline for completion? Day or night? Weather conditions?

Select an appropriate MEWP: How many people are required to perform the task? What is the weight of tools and materials needed? Where is the work that needs to be completed – location, access to the area, indoor/outdoor, height, reach, ground conditions, etc. Do you have trained operator(s) qualified for task?

References & Tools

- Risk Assessment Worksheet
- Risk Assessment Guide
- IPAF Global MEWP Safety Report

IPAF is developing more detailed information on assessing risk; to view existing supporting materials click here.

EQUIPMENT SELECTION

MEWP selection involves most aspects of MEWP operation to select an appropriate machine based on factors including, but not limited to, the task to be undertaken, the complexity of the worksite, ground conditions, the access and proximity to the public or other workers. There are many other factors that can affect the selection of a MEWP. It is essential that the selected MEWP is the correct type and model for the work to be undertaken and that it is in good working order.

ACTION STEPS

- Consult the operator's manual to determine the MEWP's capabilities and limitations.
- Check the MEWP's condition and ensure it is in good working order.
- Check the MEWP's weight and ensure it is suitable for the ground conditions.
- Check the MEWP's height and ensure it is suitable for the work to be undertaken.
- Check the MEWP's stability and ensure it is suitable for the work to be undertaken.

MAINTENANCE, INSPECTIONS AND REPAIRS

A MEWP must be in suitable operating condition at the start of each work shift. The MEWP supervisor is responsible for ensuring that the MEWP is in suitable operating condition at the start of each work shift.

ACTION STEPS

- Check the MEWP's condition and ensure it is in good working order.
- Check the MEWP's weight and ensure it is suitable for the ground conditions.
- Check the MEWP's height and ensure it is suitable for the work to be undertaken.
- Check the MEWP's stability and ensure it is suitable for the work to be undertaken.

TRAINED, FAMILIARIZED AND AUTHORIZED OPERATORS

When a MEWP is used in a project, regardless of where it is used, the operator must be trained, familiarized and authorized to use the MEWP. The user is responsible to ensure the operator is trained, familiarized and authorized to use the MEWP.

ACTION STEPS

- Check the operator's training and ensure it is up to date.
- Check the operator's familiarity with the MEWP and ensure they are familiar with the MEWP's operation.
- Check the operator's authorization to use the MEWP and ensure they are authorized to use the MEWP.

SITE ACCESS, PREPARATION AND MAINTENANCE

The risk assessment will determine the appropriate MEWP for the work to be undertaken. The MEWP supervisor is responsible for ensuring that the MEWP is in suitable operating condition at the start of each work shift.

RESUE PLAN

Rescue planning is a necessary component of a risk assessment when working at height, addressing the risks associated with the work to be undertaken. The MEWP supervisor is responsible for ensuring that a rescue plan is developed and communicated to all involved.

ACTION STEPS

- Develop a rescue plan that addresses the risks associated with the work to be undertaken.
- Communicate the rescue plan to all involved.
- Ensure that the rescue plan is up to date and reflects any changes to the work to be undertaken.

SITE SPECIFIC REQUIREMENTS

The requirements for building owners, construction managers, general contractors or other site visitors must be identified before entering the worksite. The user must inform the operator of all site specific requirements and ensure the operator is aware of these requirements before entering the worksite.

ACTION STEPS

- Identify any site specific requirements and ensure the operator is aware of these requirements.
- Communicate the site specific requirements to the operator.
- Ensure that the operator is aware of the site specific requirements before entering the worksite.

UNAUTHORIZED USE

When a MEWP is used in a project, regardless of where it is used, the operator must be trained, familiarized and authorized to use the MEWP. The user is responsible to ensure the operator is trained, familiarized and authorized to use the MEWP.

UNAUTHORIZED USE

ACTION STEPS

- Check the operator's training and ensure it is up to date.
- Check the operator's familiarity with the MEWP and ensure they are familiar with the MEWP's operation.
- Check the operator's authorization to use the MEWP and ensure they are authorized to use the MEWP.

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ACTION STEPS

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- Check the operator's familiarity with the MEWP and ensure they are familiar with the MEWP's operation.
- Check the operator's authorization to use the MEWP and ensure they are authorized to use the MEWP.

THANK-YOU For Sharing your Time



**SAFETY is a full-time job...
Don't think about it part time**

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