#### EVERYTHING YOU DIDN'T WANT TO KNOW ABOUT SCAFFOLD SAFETY

# Shawn MacDonald

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# **Remember these guys?**





# WHY?







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#### What is the violation?







#### The authors of the standards, ANSI and OSHA wanted to keep workers safe, but the gave the competent person, the ultimate authority to determine if fall protection is feasible or creates a greater hazard... Why?

#### **OSHA Competent Person (Overview)**

"One who is **capable of identifying existing** and **predictable** hazards in the surroundings or working conditions which are unsanitary, hazardous, or **dangerous to employees**, and who has authorization to take prompt corrective measures to eliminate them"

By way of training and/or experience, a competent person is knowledgeable of applicable standards, is capable of identifying workplace hazards relating to the specific operation, and has the authority to correct them.

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capable of identifying workplace hazards relating to the specific operation,

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# **Skill & Confidence** Lack of fear

# Cowboy-ism Lack of Concern

# Professionalism



# **Fall Protection Rules**

# 29 CFR 1926 Subpart M: Fall Protection.

29 CFR 1926 Subpart L: Scaffolding.



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#### State of the Art in 1986-ish

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FUN FACT: It wasn't until 1998 that OSHA disallowed waist belts for PFAS  $\bigcirc$ 

#### **State of the Art until recently**



#### State of the Art in 2000's









and that all anchorages meet the requirements of § 1910.140(c)(13)

29 CI Further 13)? WN 1910.140(c)(13)(ii) Designed, installed, and used, under the supervision of qualified person, as part of a complete personal fall protection system **10** is Window Cleaning WAIT... We're Construction



#### 29 CFR 1926.502(d)(15).

The anchorage for a fall arrest system must be capable of supporting 5,000 pounds per worker attached...

OR be designed, installed, and used under the supervision of a qualified person, as part of a complete personal fall arrest system that maintains a safety factor of at least two



# **Roof Anchor-**








### **Roof Anchors – P.I. Equipment**





## **Roof Anchors – P.I. Equipment**



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#### Fig.4





## **Roof Anchor-**



## **Roof Anchors – Would'ya???**









# Scaffold Builders



### **Scaffold Fatalities – By Trade**

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## **Spotting an Overloaded Plank**



10' x 12 =120 120" / 60 = 2"

## Spotting an Overloaded Plank



5' x 12 =60 60" / 60 = 1"

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## Guardrails



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### **Cross Braces for Guardrails?**

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### **Cross Braces for Guardrails?**

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## **Standard Confusion**

### **Guardrail Systems for Scaffolds**

- Guardrail systems must be installed along all open sides and ends of platforms.
- No guardrail is required on a side or edge of any work platform that is no more than 14 inches from the face of the work for most operations, and no more than 18 inches for plastering and lathing operations. If these distances are exceeded, fall protection must be provided by the employer.
- The height of the top-rail for scaffolds must be between 38 inches and 45 inches above the work platform. The mid-rail shall be installed at a height approximately midway between the top edge of the guardrail system and the platform surface.



# Toeboard Height





# Gaps in Platform



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# Gaps in Platform



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# **Trip Hazards**







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# **Planking Overlap Regulations**

- 6" − 12" over intermediate supports
- 12" on end supports (under 10' span)
- 18" on end supports (over 10' span)
- Boards on angle laid first
- Secure from movement



# Plank Width



## Plank Width- Scaffold Builders



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### **Getting your Wires Crossed**



ANSI- A10.8: 4.21 The distance from the supporting surface to the first step of a ladder or frame designed to be climbed shall not exceed 19 inches. Ladders shall be positioned so as not to tip the scaffold

OSHA 1926.451(e)(2)(ii) Hook-on and attachable ladders shall be positioned so that their bottom rung is not more than 24 inches (61 cm) above the scaffold supporting level;

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## LADDER ACCESS





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OUTWEIGH THE NEEDS OF THE FEW; OR THE ONE.

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# Scaffold Builders



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### When is a scaffold NOT a Scaffold

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### When is a scaffold NOT a Scaffold



### When is a scaffold NOT a Scaffold



# Public Access

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- If any component of the rigging system, such as a shackle, wire rope, or synthetic sling was or is used to hoist materials, these components are not be used as part of a fall protection system.
- If they have not been so used, they may be used as part of a fall arrest system if they meet the criteria in §1926.502.



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### **DISCLAIMER:**

Training and competency in Fall Protection is necessary to employ the methods described in this presentation

### **Consult the equipment manufacturer to determine feasibility**

### **RENUNCIA:**

Capacitación y competencia en Protección contra caídas es necesario para emplear los métodos descritos en esta presentación

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### **Suspension Trauma**



- The arteries in the legs are squeezed and blood flow to legs is cut off
- There is a 14 minute window to get the tension off of the legs or blood clots will start to form
- Suspension Trauma Straps allow the worker to "stand up" while suspended, allowing proper circulation



#### Suspension Trauma Relief Straps





Suspension Trauma Relief Straps





#### **Technology Every Scaffold Company Should Know About**



### Miller QP/75FT Decent Rescue Kits



## Talk with the Fall Protection Manufacturer.

# They all have Professionals on staff to help you develop a safe, legal program



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Illustration B System Scaffold Tie Off Method (applies to all system scaffold Manufacturer's brands in Superior Scaffold's inventory)

> Retractable Bracket Mounted 1 Lift above ladder



Green Arrows are safe attachment points Red Arrows are NOT safe attachment points

#### **Technology Every Scaffold Builder Should Know About**





RLDA

## **Ring Lock Davit Arm**



#### **Scaffold Tags**



- **RED=** Only Scaffold Builders On Scaffold
- **GREEN=** Scaffold is 100% Compliant No Fall Protection Required
- **YELLOW=** There is a Hazard on the Scaffold. It is NOT 100% Compliant











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### **Maximum Tie Spacing**

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## Light Duty= 25 lbs sq ft Medium Duty= 50 Lbs sq ft Heavy Duty= 75 Lbs sq ft Special Duty= Design

### **Platform Width**

- Determined by intended use
- Standard Scaffold Planks are 2x10 nominal
- 2 planks Access
- 3 planks Workers without materials
- 4 planks Workers and materials
- 5 planks Wide enough for workers, materials, and passage
- Wider than one bay– Area Scaffold
- Side Bracket can be attached to reduce gap between the platform and the work.

### How Does He Know This Stuff?

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#### **OSHA Training Materials Library**

https://www.osha.gov/training/library/materials

What's the Hazard?

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### SCAFFOLDING: SPOTTING THE HAZARDS

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# **THANK YOU**